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GEORGE O. BARNES

GOD IS LOVE AND NOTHING ELSE

—PRAISE THE LORD.

COLUMBUS, MISS., Dec. 7, 1887.

DEAR INTERIOR.—As the crowd files, we are but little more than 20 miles from Aberdeen, and Monroe and Lowndes counties adjoin. The two county seats have nearly the same population and both lie on the right bank of the Tombigbee river. At Columbus this serpentine stream has attained the proportions of the Kentucky river at Frankfort. Both cities have branch railways; accommodation trains that don't accommodate; and both were reached in the night by this itinerant troupe, after long, long, weary waits at junctions.

We left Aberdeen Friday night at 10:30, with a gentle rain falling; her electric lights gleaming with their usual incandescent splendor; and the four artelians, each under its octagonal "kiosk" pouring their patient streams in ceaseless flow from their copper spouts. And we left more than these. Dear friends whom we shall love to think of wherever we wander, and be glad to come back to, whenever the LORD shall open the way of return.

Eight miles of lumpy running brought us to dreadful Muldon Junction, where the M. & O. night express took us up, in a crowded car, our irritation disturbing the comfort of sundry passengers who had taken whole seats and were curled up for the night. They glared with sleepy, blood-shot eyes at us, as they silently made room; but there was no help for it. They had only paid for one seat and were not entitled to two. Whatever compunctions in awakening them stirred the modest Troupe. Evangelique were not shared by that other troupe, the "Ranch King," which came over from Aberdeen with us, and with their band instruments and multitudinous parcels, aggravated the situation no little. We all, who have traveled at night, know the feelings with which we regard that party whose room is so much better than their company; coming in from a way station; a chilling stream of cold, outer air clinging to them; glancing inquiringly at that other seat which we have appropriated by an act of "quarantine sovereignty" that will not hold good when the test comes; and do we not all know that sinking of heart when the inexorable question, "Anybody in this seat, sir?" compels us to lie outright or move? Dreadful alternative! The soul suffers or the body. But in either case the agony is acute, if one is very, very sleepy. The unfeeling wretch who usurps the place where your feet repose and compelled a readjustment of your parcels and bundles, sits in apparently mild oblivion of the discomfort he has caused; and you catch what few uneasy naps are yet vouchsafed you, in a bolt upright, head bobbing position—the reverse of easy or dignified.

At Artesia, 20 miles down the M. & O., we leave that road and wait an hour and a half for the north-bound train and Southern mails. Our accommodation stands 100 yards away on a "Y" track, to which we make our way in the darkness over intersecting rails, heaps of refuse and an occasional puddle of water. The locomotive is gently simmering in front of two untidy cars, waiting for its turn to come to dash away into the midnight darkness, its usual mingled purr exchanged by the lion roar that even now but slumbers within its lungs of iron. We climb, with mighty effort, upon the platform, from a slippery incline of cinders, hurrying our hand-baggage helter-skelter, and finding ourselves after our scramble in an uninviting old rattler, that no decent railway company ought to ask passengers to ride in; with an inexorable brakeman, who fires up his stove to furnish heat; and general surroundings of the most doleful character. A little sleep is caught "on the fly," by the wearied girls, at this point; while the old folks wait arrival at Columbus before attempting alumber. Our trials close with 3 o'clock A. M. in comfortable rooms at the Coleman House, which happily, I had telegraphed for before leaving Aberdeen. It is not of ten we have to travel at night, except on a sleeper, and it goes hardly with us. I feel such a night of disturbance for several days after. For, with all our mutations, we lead wonderfully regular lives in the matter of sleeping and eating; and a sudden, violent change quite upsets our whole party.

We came uninvited to Columbus. I have long wished to visit it and being within 20 miles, the temptation was irresistible, so we turned our heads hitherward. But this dumping down unexpectedly on a place certainly has its disadvantages. However, I called on the sheriff, got the court-house, advertised in one of the local papers, had 1,000 "doggers" struck off announcing our arrival and then awaited the outcome, having no upbraidings of neglected duty to harass me. The first meeting was appointed for 3 P. M. Sunday.

Sunday morning we had the great pleasure of hearing another sermon from Bishop Thompson. It was, like the other, a good one. Strictly first-class. He showed, in his own eloquent way, how slowly men were progressing, even in an approximate way, toward the perfect standard set us by our Savior, in the Sermon on the Mount; and if he had only brought out clearly that

this was not the LORD'S plan, but a gradual recovery from the work of a destroyer, his sermon would have been, in my judgment, far more impressive than it already was. This is the real crucial test between the true and false "development" theory. Facts are agreed upon by both sides. It is only where explanation begins that divergence takes its start. To say that the slow processes of righting wrong are the ever-lastingly foreordained plans of our Almighty and Allwise God, is, to me, simple slander, akin to blasphemy. To assert that "first the blade, then the ear, then the corn in the ear" are God's wisdom, unhindered, working at its best, is to degrade the proper conception of the Almighty. But regarded as the best He can do, with a devil's power and man's will in combined opposition, it is pathetically and hopelessly beautiful and appropriate.

So the true theory of scriptural development is not God-beginning, of choice, with weakness and meanness and immaturity and raising all by slow and gradual steps to strength and grandeur and perfection; but the good God taking in hand a bad devil's ruin and restoring it, as faith slowly gives Him the warrant and power for effecting it. The first is linked with scientific scepticism. The latter is the outcome of a loyal faith in God and His holy scriptures.

But the good Bishop's practical points were splendid. So full of encouragement in press on and not be disheartened by apparent or even real failure. Again, as in a former discourse, he didn't seem to be aware where his doctrine logically landed him. And as he eloquently pointed out how—he who begins a good work will certainly finish it; and that the Sermon on the Mount was bound to be something more than an unreal ideal, in, perhaps, the near future, I thought of the blessed time when "all enemies" should be subdued; death abolished; and the kingdom, cleansed of every defiling element, should be delivered up by the son to the Father and God be all in all. No half way work; no death from which our God cannot bring a resurrection; no halting, with a doubtful victory and hell claiming more souls than heaven. Bishop T. didn't say this; perhaps did not see it. But I did and do, Praise the LORD.

Columbus is the handsomest city in Mississippi. All agree to this. The prettiest in the South, many assert. I can well believe it after five days' sojourn and a critical inspection "in and about." Broad streets, nicely gravelled, furnishing many miles of beautiful driving; houses built in exquisite taste and not confined to a particular locality, contrasting with the squalor of the less favored portions, but scattered all over the place in equitable distribution, giving the pleasing impression that a general prosperity pervades the pretty city. And the mansions of "before the war" alternate with the post bellum villas, in due proportion and most agreeable variety, the new rebutting the charge of "antiquated," and the old redeeming from the slur of poverty while a nestness, almost New England, reigns in the general make-up of private premises. Shade trees line the streets; elm and water oak; magnolias in the greatest profusion adorn front lawns; and snowy cupresses, handsome open carriages, drawn by pampered and spirited horses, adorned with female beauty, elegantly dressed, carries us back to the days of wealth and prosperity, before "grim-visaged war" frowned upon a blighted, blasted South. Very few places yet put on "style" like Columbus, for the life and death struggle for "meat and bread" has been too recent; but here and there, the signs that the dreary conflict is over, and a spirited people are getting the better of misfortune, multiply apace. It will not be long before the entire

will flourish like a "green bay tree, planted beside the river of waters" and her prosperous millions will be able to fit their heads with the proudest and wealthiest.

Columbus has the astounding distinction of being the only place in the South where the "stars and stripes" did not wave in victory, sometime or other, during the civil strife. It was a store house of every supply and a great object of hungry desire on the part of the Yankees; while the South defended it with a desperate valor that hurled back every daring charge upon its concentrated treasures. The Federal troops never got nearer than 20 miles of the coveted spot. Aberdeen was occupied, but there they were halted. The Columbus folks are a little proud of this, I think.

The pet of the place is the new Industrial College, which the city won by a munificent gift of 20 acres and \$50,000. It is certainly a noble institution, worthy of the beautiful city where it is located. It is a State affair, kept up by an annual grant of about \$30,000; has superb buildings, costing \$100,000, perfectly appointed; educates 400 girls gratis, not only after a high collegiate standard, but in any industrial calling they may choose; either with a view to an immediate, independent support, or the possibility that may arise at any future time in life, through sudden adversity, or individual choice. The girls wear a blue uniform and make an attractive show as they go out for daily walks. Numbers are awaiting vacancies, ready to step in, and the applications far exceed the capacities of the dormitories and class-rooms. It is a stately edifice of dark red brick, with a sonorous clock in its imposing tower and grounds and building in perfect keeping. The girls come from the various counties by a strict rule of proportion, regulated according to a census of the eligible female children. I wonder that such institutions are not scattered, broadcast, over every State in the Union.

The Tombigbee is spanned by a handsome iron trestle draw bridge, at the bottom of the main street, the road beyond going to Macon, the county seat of Noxubee, the adjoining southern county.

Sunday afternoon we had a court-room full, in spite of rain. At night, with Stygian darkness against us, the other churches all open, and the special attraction of Bishop Thompson at the P. E. church, we had a house full. Monday night, the day having been gloriously clear, the room was jammed; with gallery nearly filled with colored folk and interest as intense as any place yet visited. The dear LORD certainly sent us here; especially for the benefit of that everywhere fast increasing class who never darken a church door, but who are glad to find that the warmest of welcomes await them in the "palace of the King," from the dear God who loves us all, all the time, and never will do anything else. Praise His dear Name forever.

We think of staying in this promising field till Monday, 19th; then run down to dear old Kosciusko for two or three days and on to McComb City for Christmas with Cousin Heber and Mary and Hugh, with our own dear boy, the Deacon of Hammond, thrown in to make "merry," as merry. All D. V.

Ever in Jesus, GEO. O. BARNES.

BRODHEAD, ROCKCASTLE COUNTY.

—Madame Remor says we will have a wedding to report before the holidays are over.

—Prof. O. Bowers is teaching a singing class at Sayer's School House, about four miles from here.

—The vocal class at this place, taught by Miss Carson, has 50 names enrolled and is making rapid progress.

—Three candidates were initiated by the Brodhead Lodge, I. O. G. T., on last Saturday evening. There are two more to be initiated next meeting, 17th.

—Mr. John Melvin, of Lily, made a dying visit to our village this week. Miss Neville Carson has returned from a short business visit to Crab Orchard.

—The ladies of the Baptist church at this place will on the evening of the 26th inst. give a lunch party for the benefit of their church. A good time generally is expected and the public is cordially invited to attend.

—Mrs. Martha Albright, of Bee Luck, was here last week soliciting means for building a Baptist church in the vicinity of her house. As she is a good and worthy woman working in a good cause, we hope her efforts will be crowned with success.

—W. C. Pryor, of Maretsburg, is moving to this place and will enter school here in a few days. His wife, Mrs. Lizzie Pryor, will on the 16th inst. start to Vandalia, Ill., where she expects to spend the winter with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. McDuff Ward.

Away with the "bloody shirt!" There is still too much effort to keep alive sectional hatred in this grand country of ours. There are men and politicians who seem to regard it treasonable for our Southern States to honor those who were their leaders during the war, either living or dead. But our friends of the South would not be men if they did not esteem their gold leaders. The war is long since past; both sides believed they were right in that conflict; the South was convinced of the error by force of arms and history does not record an instance in which a conquered people have more cheerfully accepted the arbitrament of war. To-day the United States has really no North, no South, no East, no West, so intimate is the relationship existing between the industry, commerce and agriculture of the various sections. Let us keep our faces to the front and unitedly work together to fulfill the destiny which lies before American citizenship. Let us be good citizens rather than bad politicians. —[Farmer and Home, Springfield, Mass.]

The Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers has prepared and will lay before Congress a bill providing for the licensing of railway conductors and engineers, and prohibiting all railroads from employing any person to serve as a conductor or engineer unless he is licensed, as provided in the act. It provides for examiners, who shall inquire into the character, habits of life and qualifications, mental and physical, of all applicants before licensing them as conductors and engineers. The system has long been in use in regard to the engineers and pilots in water transportation.

A young couple were married the other day at Presque Isle and received a good many gifts appropriate to the occasion. The groom, who has evidently attended the "hose trot" the past season, concludes his notice thus: "The happy couple have got a first rate 'seed off' and we trust they may jog around life's course together without a break and come in all right at the home stretch."

—Capt. Sam Roberts, a well-known Ohio River man, is dead.

MT. VERNON, ROCKCASTLE COUNTY.

—A telegraph office has been opened at Lily, Laurel county.

—Everything quiet on Brush Creek at this writing, but don't know how long it will remain so.

—There are eight distinct families named Adams living in this county neither being related to the other.

—Adam Catron, of Level Green, has sold his farm to D. O. Gibson for \$2,000 and will move to Somerset.

—A good crowd was in town Monday and Tuesday to attend the examining trials. Everybody sober and quiet.

—Miss Georgia Brown is at Lexington to attend the Snodgrass-Pemberton nuptials which takes place on the 15th inst.

—David Henderson has a six days' old calf born without eyes. It is not otherwise deformed, but is as sprightly as ordinary calves are.

—The examining trial of Thomas Rose for shooting A. Q. Baker, at Conway last week, who died Sunday evening of his wounds, was held Tuesday and resulted in his being held without bail.

—Drs. Lyvell and Davis, assisted by Drs. Benton and Jennings amputated the wounded leg of Frank Harlow, who was so badly shot on Brush Creek last week. The physicians say there is but little chance of his recovery.

—Susie, a 12 year old daughter of Mrs. D. Owens, near Pine Hill, fell while playing ball at school, Tuesday last, and broke her leg just above the ankle. A physician reset the broken member and the little sufferer is getting along very well. She with some playmates were throwing up the hall and seeing who could catch it, when she ran against one of them and fell.

—The preliminary trial of Wallace Laswell, charged with the murder of Granville Adams began Monday and ended Tuesday morning. The evidence went to show that Laswell had gone to the church where Adams was, but did not enter, but went down the road and came back through a railroad cut meeting Adams and opened fire on him. Laswell claimed and testified that Adams had out his pistol first, but did not fire. Adams' pistol was found on his breast with all the loads intact. Laswell was admitted to bail in the sum of \$500 which he gave and was released.

Four prisoners were brought to the penitentiary at Frankfort yesterday from Letcher county, accompanied by a sheriff and six guards, the cost to the State being the sum of \$453. For the year ending June 30, 1887, the cost of guarding and transporting prisoners from Jefferson county to Frankfort was \$3718 50, there being an average of 12 prisoners a month convicted and sent there. Letcher county, with only two terms of the Circuit Court each year, at which there is an average of three convictions at each term or six per year, cost the State for the same period \$2,039 75. Jefferson county averages a cost per prisoner of \$30, which is two much, while Letcher averages nearly \$319 for each prisoner, which is next door to grand larceny. The total cost of the State for the year ending June 30 was \$26,000 for the mere getting her convicts into the penitentiary. The Legislature will look into the matter this winter. —[Courier Journal.]

—A woman is on trial at Boston for murdering her three children.

—On Thursday Mrs. James Smith, of Rockmart, Ga., gave birth to twin boys. O. Friday Mrs. William Smith presented her husband with a boy and a girl, and Monday Mrs. George Smith, the wife of the third brother, gave birth to three daughters. How is that for peopling the world?

—W. H. Grinter, a well known stock man of Munice, Kas., and W. H. Paqua, of Fort Scott, were members of two hunting parties which met in Ozark County, Mo. Paqua mistook Grinter for a turkey and fired at him, striking him in the head. Grinter thought that the shot was intentional and returned the fire, killing Paqua instantly and then fell dead himself.

There was a revival in a Western town some time ago. The movement was led by a Baptist minister, but the other churches united in the matter and many converts were made. Some of the converts, while they wanted to join other churches, believed that immersion was the proper thing, and it was a knotty point to arrange. The Baptist minister was the only one who understood the immersion question, and to maintain the converts the other pastors appealed to him to immerse his own and their converts together. The Baptist minister looked at them. "My brethren," he said, "I will attend to my own flock, but when it comes to taking in washing I must draw the line."

The Berkshire male crossed on the Poland China sow is the popular general purpose hog in Wisconsin. This hog has a good frame, but it is not excessive, and no more than is necessary to support a good body. Such a hog will lay on flesh much more rapidly than the larger breeds. They do not like the Duroc or Jersey Red in that State.

A lady living in Rappahannock county, Virginia, had twelve stands of bees, which were very valuable until a distillery was started in the neighborhood. Since it was started, however, the bees pay frequent visits to the still, get drunk, and are of little profit.

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—IN—

ENDLESS VARIETY!

—THE—

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We have a large stock of Doll Buggies and the best Toy wagons in the market.

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CHRISTMAS TRIX,

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Which they will sell you at remarkably low prices. They have succeeded even beyond their expectations since they took the business in April last and feel like thanking each and every one of their customers, and what is better, sell them goods lower than ever before. Remember the place, corner Main and Depot streets. Respectfully, HOCKER & BRIGHT.

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The SEMI-WEEKLY
Interior Journal

STANFORD, KY.

W. P. WALTON, Pro'r.

Is published every Tuesday and Friday at the low price of

TWO DOLLARS PER YEAR.

—OF ALL CLASSES—

JOB WORK

Neatly and Cheaply Executed.

W. P. WALTON.

THIS has been rather a hard year on the Napoleons of Finance, Harper, who wrecked the Fidelity Bank, of Cincinnati, goes where several of his ilk have gone before—to the penitentiary, the jury finding him guilty and the judge giving him the full penalty of the law, 10 years in the Ohio penitentiary. As the sentence was passed upon him great tears coursed down his cheeks while his faithful wife sat wringing her hands in the very agony of despair. Harper was ordered to prison at once and before 10 o'clock the same night he was safely locked in the cell that for 10 years, unless something lucky for him turns up, must be his solitary abode. A more accomplished rascal has hardly ever before gotten his deserts. He is the typical scoundrel, false to his friends, whose money he appropriated to his selfish designs, a robber of the hard earnings of the poor and untrue to his wife, whose beauty of devotion through all his disgraces has become the admiration of all who have witnessed or read about it. Ten years is light punishment for the crimes he has committed, but it serves as a warning to other "financiers" it may suffice.

BILL CHANDLER has offered a bill to regulate Congressional elections in the States of South Carolina, Mississippi, Florida and Louisiana, providing for the appointment of supervisors by the president, whose duty shall be to see that the colored man and brother is permitted to vote free from intimidation or other cause. The Honorable Bill would not doubt to get another chance to count his party in, but the South is done with returning boards and other devices to thwart the will of the people. The elections in the South are fully as free from fraud as in any part of the country.

At the request of the Grand Army of the Republic a bill has been introduced in Congress granting a pension to every soldier and sailor, who is incapacitated for the performance of manual labor, and for pensions to dependent relatives of deceased soldiers and sailors. Why not go the whole hog at once and ask for a service pension for to this complexion it is coming fast? Our brave defenders saved the country and it is but natural that they should want to possess it entire.

THE democrats of the Kentucky delegation, according to Judge Kincaid, convinced since the Taulbee escape that a "Stand-Together-Association" is imperative, have formed themselves into one and resolved to always stand together; that any member caught shall be expelled; that the association is too good for republicans; that a committee be appointed to coach new members. Standing resolutions stating sorrow that any brother should be caught passed and ordered to be illuminated.

WONG AH HUNG, a rich Chinese merchant, has been convicted in the Federal Court at San Francisco of importing Chinese girls for immoral purposes. His plan was to bring these girls over and sell them to the lecherous Californians, who could afford it at \$200 to \$300 each. The facts developed at the trial were very disgusting and showed that the traffic in human bodies had reached large proportions.

SENATOR BECK has given notice that he will offer a bill to reduce the postage on letters of an ounce and less in weight to one cent, if after inquiry into the advisability of such action, the postoffice committee decides in the affirmative. It is claimed that the increase in business will justify it and since the department is not self-sustaining anyway, it had just as well call for ten millions as five to run it.

HARPER was found guilty on 32 counts of the indictment the maximum penalty of each of which is 10 years. Had the sentence been cumulative and he had been given the full penalty on each count, his term would have been fixed at just 320 years. It would take about that many years for him to do full penance for the crimes he committed against the poor, the widow and the orphan.

JUST 1,200 applications for pensions were received at the Pension Bureau Monday, the highest number ever received in one day. And that too with nearly 500,000 on the list! At the rate the pension list is growing the question of surplus in the treasury will soon adjust itself by all of it being taken.

A CIRCUIT JUDGE at Oxford, O., has decided that a negro has as much right in a white school as anybody, but the citizens swear by the eternal that they will not submit they will die first. As pleased to remember that this is the enlightened North and not the lawless and degraded South.

THERE are no spring chickens among the United States Senators, but all are elderly "grave and noble seigniors." Kenna, of West Virginia, is the youngest, being but 39, and Payne of Ohio, and Morrill of Vermont, the oldest, being each 77. About 60 years is the average of the age.

TAULBEE says he was only a hugging and a kissing of her. There is no harm to kiss the pretty, red, pouting lips of a darling in petticoats, if she is willing, so why make all this hellabell about it?

CARLELE is still pegging away at his committee and the House is not in session.

EDITOR BELL, of the Georgetown Times, is in a fair way to become a bloated money devil. The Australian government, alarmed at the ravages of the continually increasing rabbit, has offered \$175,000 to any person who can devise the means of their extermination. The editor says a colony of Kentucky negroes would clean them out in a hurry and is so confident of the plausibility of his plan that he has made a sight draft on the government for the full sum, not even taking the precaution to attach a notice of "no protest" to it.

The total number of bills offered in the Senate last Monday reaches 594 and if all of the money they call for is appropriated, they will take fully \$500,000,000 from the treasury. Truly has the President said that the surplus is a never failing incentive to wild and dangerous schemes against the government. Let taxation be reduced to the minimum amount necessary to run an economically administered government and then there will be no surplus to tempt the designing Congressman.

NEWSY NOTES.

—Mrs. John Jacob Astor is dead at New York, aged 86.

—James W. Lapeley has been appointed postmaster at Eto, Russell county.

—M. Hietenstein has been elected President of Switzerland and M. Hammer Vice President.

—Grand Master Workman Powderly is reported dangerously ill from hemorrhage of the lungs.

—Joel Crowther, a drunken cigar-maker of Claremont, Vt., choked his mother to death Monday night.

—A collision on the C. & O. railroad near Clifton Forge, killing Conductor Frey and two other men.

—A train has been put on that makes the trip from Chicago to San Francisco in 3 days and 15 hours.

—It is stated that 40,000 lives have been sacrificed in building the ship canal across the Isthmus of Panama.

—Edmunds, of Vermont, has introduced into the Senate a bill for the establishment of a postal telegraph system.

—There's coal water in the Kanawha at last, and a fleet of coal coming for Cincinnati and the down river markets.

—The Dinky coal mines, on the Cincinnati Southern, have been sold to Chattanooga and Georgia parties for \$100,000.

—The firm of De Castro & Co., commission and shipping merchants, New York, has assigned with liabilities of a million of dollars.

—Phelps, Dodge & Palmer lost their large boat and shoe establishment at Cincinnati by fire; damage \$800,000, insurance \$600,000.

—Ben Hopkins, assistant cashier of Harper's Bank, is now on trial at Cincinnati and will likely follow his chief to the penitentiary.

—President Sadi Carnot has after much trouble succeeded in forming a cabinet. A cabinet office in France does not seem as much sought after as in this country.

—The \$20,000 curing mill of Rogers & Bastain, Carlisle, burned, together with 2,000 bushels of wheat; insurance \$5,000 in the Millers' Association. Cause unknown.

—Minneapolis, the greatest flour market in the world, has 25 mills producing 35,375 barrels daily. The Pillsbury alone produces 7,000 barrels of flour every 24 hours.

—Third and fourth-class postmasters are holding a convention in Washington, the purpose of which is to present their grievances to the department in a tangible shape.

—The City Council, of Atlanta, fixed \$1,500 as the cost of a retail liquor seller's license. The ordinance restricts saloons to certain streets and provides for strict regulation.

—By the explosion of a boiler at a steam saw mill near Seymour, Ind., Henry and William Harlow, two of the millmen, were killed instantly, and David Rose had an arm broken.

—Lloyd Brown, at Owensboro, washed his face in concentrated lye by mistake and the flesh was burned from his face wherever the lye touched it. He is suffering terribly.

—The Senate Committee on Privileges and Elections decided unanimously to seat Faulkner, of West Virginia, who was elected by the legislature over Lucas, the appointee of the governor.

—Henry S. Ives was arrested in New York on Tuesday afternoon on a warrant sworn out by Julius Dexter, charging him with stealing \$100,000. He was admitted to bail in the sum of \$25,000.

—The Warren, Minn., Manufacturing Company's Elevator, containing 30,000 bushels of wheat, burned Tuesday. The elevator and contents were valued at \$25,000, and were partly insured.

—The democratic primary election held in Lexington Wednesday resulted in the selection of Charles W. Foushee as mayor. Judges Matt Walton was complimented with a walk over for recorder.

—The match between Jack Dempsey and Johnny Reegan for \$1,000 a side and the middle weight championship of America, took place near New York and resulted in a victory for Dempsey on the 11th round.

—It is said that over 2,000 persons professed conversion at Moody's meetings in Pittsburgh. He will be in Louisville after Christmas to try hand on those benighted heathen, the newspaper men, for a week or two.

—A daughter of Joseph Mullen, living in Cabell county, West Virginia, shot and killed a colored burglar Monday night who was trying to enter Mr. Mullen's house. He fell dead on the porch, shot through the head.

—Gen. Thomas Kirby Smith, of Philadelphia, died suddenly Wednesday morning in New York, aged 67 years. At the close of the war he was chief of staff to Gen. Grant.

—At Huron, Dakota, the house of Michael Harris caught fire and spread so rapidly that before any of his family save himself and young daughter could get out, they were burned up—the mother and six children.

—Mrs. Sarah Hayden, young and very beautiful, was found hanging to the bed post in her room in the Lexington Asylum Sunday night. She was from Pulaski, to which county her remains were taken for interment.

—As there is a measly contest for his seat, Speaker Carlisle would not appoint the committee on elections, but vacating his seat requested the House to do so. Crisp was made chairman and the other members named.

—The Atlanta prohibitionists now hope to see their principles prevail in the city, not through any local legislation but as a result of a State prohibition law, which, they assert, will be passed by the next Georgia Legislature.

—William Cundiff, a bad character of Adair county, being warned to leave the county, procured a gun and shot and killed Talt Bradshaw, an estimable citizen. Though pursued and fired upon by a body of men Cundiff escaped.

—Near Point Pleasant, W. Va., Henry Fawcett and wife locked in a room their three children, their oldest but five, and leaving them, went to church. Returning, they found their house in ashes and their children burned to death.

—Senator Rorgan introduced a bill to regulate immigration, under the provision of which the Old World paupers and jail birds, such as Most and his fellows will be restricted in their free passage into and through the United States.

—The boiler in Lindsey's saw mill and tobacco box-head manufactory, Mt. Sterling, exploded killing W. D. Stephenson, the sawyer, and badly wounding two other men. The boiler weighed 8,000 pounds but it was blown 125 feet and did great damage to property.

—Probably a quarter of a million of dollars has been sunk in the sinking of gas wells in Kentucky, yet not a foot of natural gas is being utilized in the State, save at the Brandenburg salt works, where it has been doing good service for 22 years.—(Louisville Times.)

—The skeleton of Edward Haggy, who came from Denver two months ago to marry Miss Ella Brown, at Owensboro, was found in the woods four miles from town. He had \$150 with him when he came and there being no trace of it, he was doubtless murdered and robbed.

—Last Sunday T. B. Kenfroe shot and killed S. W. Begley, at Pineville. Kenfroe's small son had snapped a toy pistol in Begley's face, for which the latter pushed him off the sidewalk, the boy resenting this by throwing a stone at Begley. The killing resulted from this.

HUSTONVILLE, LINCOLN COUNTY.

—Dr. Brown is by no means disabled, though of late days rheumatism has peculiar terror for him.

—Mrs. Will Bishop bought the millinery establishment of Mrs. Green and will carry on the business with zeal and a desire to please.

—The meeting at the Christian church closed Sunday night. Rev. Mr. Mansup, a Methodist preacher and teacher, is prospecting at Moreland.

—Public sympathy is respectfully solicited. Your correspondent passed through a birthday on Monday. No noticeable demonstration, except that the rain cooled the skies grew bright and everything went on as usual.

—"Tone" Hiram, after selling his grocery business to other day, mounted his horse, rode out and looked at the fall grass and returning brought out Charlie Bishop. He is therefore a grover and confectioner again, or at least is one to day.

—I learn that G. F. Pesock has sold his drug business to J. G. Westoverford. The proposition is that "Freely" has not retired permanently, but finding that his double avocation was too much for one man, he concluded to put the pharmacopoeia in abeyance until he shall have disposed of his botanical investigations among "orange blossoms."

—Your enterprising young b. m. smiled on our village Tuesday for a few brief moments. He gave out that he was on his way to Casey. It is shrewdly suspected, however, that he has gone to Russell Springs for the benefit of his infant mumpsache—in other words, that it is his purpose to "tarry in Jerico until his beard be grown."

—Stanford has long boasted of her "Merry Bachelors." She had better look to her laurels; for Hustonville is forming the nucleus of an association which bids fair to become a power in the land. Thus far it can show only three members, but they evidently mean business. They have taken and furnished a house and are ready to receive applications for membership. They talk of adopting the motto, "The house of the friendless," as the designation of their society.

A recipe for a good liquid blueing for laundry work: Take one ounce of soft Prussian blue, powder it and put it in a bottle with one quart of clear rain water and add one ounce of oxalic acid. A teaspoonful of this is sufficient for a large washing.

The material used in laundrying cuffs and collars, to make them so glossy consists of the following: "Pour a pint of boiling water upon 2 ounces of gum arabic, cover it, and let it stand overnight. Use a tablespoonful of this.

GARRARD COUNTY DEPARTMENT.

Lancaster.

—Our fox hunters have at last caught a fox—in a steel trap.

—The town has put on a Christmas look, every store having more or less holiday goods.

—Florida oranges fresh from the groves of B. M. Burdett, Killarney, Fla., at Geo. D. Burdett & Co's.

—Don't forget the musicale at the College on the 23rd. I am directed to say it will be a good thing.

—The Sandifer matter is settled and Mr. Sandifer keeps his place as stamp deputy. This is no more than was expected here.

—D. M. Lackey has improved the appearance of his store room by the application of fresh paint, paper, soap and water, etc.

—It is a matter of fact that the Hon. James H. McCreary sticks to his friends closer than a brother, and every good democrat is his friend.

—The life insurance business seems to be having quite a boom here recently. It is a good thing and I am glad to see so many taking hold of it.

—J. G. Sweeney left on Wednesday for a short visit to the lakes of Killarney, Florida. J. Henry Hankla, of Junction City, was in Lancaster yesterday.

—Our confectioners are enterprising. A. Schilling displays a handsome cake of his own making, while T. G. Stephens has begun the manufacture of candy.

—Rev. Humphries preached at the Baptist church on Sunday night on the "Providence of God." Rev. McWilliams filled the pulpit at the Presbyterian church Sunday.

—If the Hon. Charles W. Buck should conclude to run against Mr. Beck for the Senate, it will be the old story of "bucking" the tiger and losing his skin. Mr. Buck had best be satisfied with Peru.

—John S. Armstrong and wife, of Dallas, Texas, are visiting at Capt. Frank White's. L. H. Hubble, of Washington City, is on a visit to his parents at Hubble. L. F. Hubble has returned to Birmingham.

—They are at it again in the News. Now let us have this question settled: Who kills? The good God or him who hath the power, namely, the devil. The people of this community want to see the arguments. Let the discussion go on.

—Thomas Johnson, Jr., has an offer to go to Harrodsburg to go into business. It is more than likely he will accept. S. M. Pesock has removed into his new property purchased from W. J. Lloyd. Uncle Billy Noet is some better. George Carter, of Louisville, was in Lancaster several days this week. E. C. Browning and W. N. Jones, of Winchester, are visiting in this city.

DANVILLE, BOYLE COUNTY.

—Mr. W. G. Marks is the parent of a fine boy this morning.

—P. Mulliner, whose dangerous illness has been noted, is rapidly improving.

—Pat Muldoon's Irish Comedy Company is due at the opera house on the 22d inst.

—Mr. T. M. Clarkson and Miss Michael A. Hamner obtained marriage license on Wednesday.

—Messrs. W. F. Evans and R. P. Jacobs are in New Mexico, to be absent about two weeks. Miss Sallie Montgomery, of Washington county, is visiting Miss Katie Bardett, in this county.

—Jo Haas has shipped 6,000 dressed turkeys to Boston and New York this week. Engleman & Fields sold Wednesday to F. D. Scott, of Du Rigne, Iowa, the boy more Michel, by De chair, dam Vic, by Mammoth Chief, for \$2,250. Tip Bruce also sold to Ben Kindig, of York, Pennsylvania, the bay gelding, Robert McKinney, by Buck's Hambletonian; price unknown.

—Jack Hudson, alias Jack Birdwhistle, had a fight with Mr. Garry, of the game works Wednesday evening and beat him up badly. He was before the police court Thursday morning and fined \$50, in default of which he was sent to the work house. Tom Miller, for shooting in the town limits, is to be tried this (Thursday) evening.

—Frank Johnson swore before the police court Wednesday that he bought some beer from Thomas Stanghler, a married man. Thomas and several others swore that what Johnson said was not true, the jury believed Thomas and the others and did not believe Johnson and consequently acquitted Thomas. Johnson expects to continue in the witness business for some time yet.

RELIGIOUS.

—Revs. Evans and Hopper are holding a meeting at Frankfort, which had resulted in 15 additions to last accounts.

—The protracted meeting at Mount Hill Christian church, Garrettsburg, conducted by Eld. W. H. Manoney, closed with 78 additions.

—The Rev. Mr. Berry declined the call from Mr. Beecher's church saying that he had consecrated his life to a certain work in England and could not give it up.

—A number of distinguished Presbyterians of both branches of the Church are in session at Louisville to consider the question of uniting the Churches as before the war.

—Rev. S. E. Wisbard, D. D., late synodical missionary in Kentucky, has accepted a call to the First church in Des Moines Iowa, and has already entered on the discharge of his duties there. Dr. Wisbard spent four months last winter and spring doing special and excellent work in Utah for the Board.

—In the elections in Massachusetts on Tuesday, Worcester went republican and Boston democratic, both places voting in favor of license.

B. K. WEAREN,
UNDERTAKER!

—And dealer in—

Furniture of Every Description,

Parlor Sets, Bed Room Sets,
Lounges, Tables, &c.,

—In endless variety. If you want to make a—

CHRISTMAS PRESENT,

You could not go to a better nor a cheaper place than to

B. K. WEAREN, Stanford.

GEO. T. PORTMAN,

—Proprietor of—

Portman House Restaurant

Oysters, Pheasants, Ducks, Quail and Venison served in any style.

Leave orders for any of the above and they will be sent promptly to your residence or place of business.

S. S. MYERS!

—I have bought a large stock of—

Fruits, Oranges, Bananas,
Malaga Grapes,

Lemons, Raisins, Dates, Figs.

And Nuts of all kinds.

I can't eat them all and they must be sold. Come to Headquarters.

S. S. MYERS.

M. D. ELMORE,

General Merchandiser,

Stanford, - - - Kentucky.

Keeps on hand a large assortment of everything in his line, but especially does he call the attention of buyers to his full stock of

Dry Goods, Boots, Shoes, Hats and Notions.

No merchant in this community is better prepared to please you than he. In his Grocery department he has almost everything and sells as low as any body. An experience of 25 years in this business has been of value to him and he promises to give you the benefit of it when you buy of him. To his patrons he is very thankful for their patronage and asks a continuance, promising always to sell good goods as low as they can be bought anywhere.

N. B. ELMORE, Clerk. M. D. ELMORE.

CINCINNATI WEEKLY GAZETTE

(The Weekly Edition of the Commercial Gazette.)

It Stands on the Top Shelf in Character,

It is the Best Newspaper,

It is a Republican Paper,

It is the Family Paper,

It is the Soldier's Paper,

It is the Farmer's Paper,

It is the Children's Paper.

ONE DOLLAR A YEAR!

The Weekly Gazette contains fifty-six columns of choice reading matter, and is furnished to subscribers at the low rate of one dollar per annum in advance, the price less than any other weekly paper. It is the best Republican newspaper in the Central States. It is in the best of a family newspaper and it gives all the news with every desirable detail in decent shape, with the following department:

The Financial and Commercial Reports

Are given in full and their reliability is well known throughout the country. Reports are telegraphed every day from New York and Chicago, over our own wires, giving full and facts as to the markets.

The Agricultural Department

Is one of the most popular features and has always been considered of more value to farmers than any other part of the paper. This department is carefully edited by men of long experience.

The Chimney Corner,

Exclusively for young people and the little folks, is one of the attractive and valuable features of the Weekly and Semi-Weekly editions.

Original Stories and Choice Selections,

With the most interesting correspondence from all parts of the world, appear every week in both the Weekly and Semi-Weekly editions.

The Weekly Gazette.

In a word, is a complete newspaper, and should be read by every merchant, manufacturer, mechanic, farmer and professional man in the United States.

The Semi-Weekly Gazette

Is printed Tuesday and Friday at \$1.00 a year. Order a sample copy for your friend or neighbor. Address: Extra Indorsements to Club Agent, for 1887-88. Address

The Commercial Gazette Co., Cincinnati, O.

Mail train going North	2 04 P. M.
Express train	1 31 P. M.
Local Freight	1 50 A. M.
Local Freight	6 25 A. M.
Local Freight	6 55 A. M.

The latter trains also carry passengers.
These are calculated on standard time. Solar time is about 20 minutes faster.

Train leaves Bowling at 7 20 A. M. and returns at 6 P. M.

Buy your school books and school supplies from A. R. Penny.

Ask your grocer for the Cincinnati Baking Co.'s crackers and cakes.

Watches and Jewelry repaired on short notice and warranted by A. R. Penny.

A complete stock of jewelry, latest style, Rockford watches a specialty. A. R. Penny.

The firm of Penny & McAlister having dissolved, the accounts are ready for settlement. Come at once and settle. You may save cost.

—Mr. J. M. Hall has gone to Atlanta with a car of mules.

—Miss Nannie Read, of Boyle, is visiting Miss Jennie McKinney.

—MARSHAL NEWLAND is out again after his severe spell, looking like a ghost.

—Messrs. F. L. THOMPSON and A. J. Fish, of Mr. Vernon, were here this week.

—S. H. HARRIS, formerly of this place, has been appointed postmaster at Taloga, Kansas.

—Mr. SAM M. OWENS, who has been ridden, was up yesterday for the first time in a week.

—Messrs. J. P. BAILEY, D. R. Carpenter and E. C. Walton are attending court at Liberty.

—Mrs. MURIE DUNN and Mrs. Will Hays, of Hyannisville, are on a visit to relatives here.

—JAMES W. FOX, Esq., of Jellico, who represents a big interest in the Cumberland Valley Land Company, was here Tuesday.

—Mr. and Mrs. W. M. HIGGINS moved to town yesterday and are occupying the house of Mr. John M. McRoberts, Sr., on Main street.

—Mrs. R. J. LYLES, of Nashville, is on a visit to her parents, Mr. and Mrs. J. M. Cook, and was down to see Mr. E. C. Walton this week.

—Messrs. H. J. DART, Smith Irwin, M. F. Hulse and John F. Wallace went to Louisville Tuesday night to attend a meeting of the council.

—Mr. L. C. MONROE, representing the Louisville Post, was here yesterday, obtaining data for a letter for his paper, which has considerable circulation here.

—MR. A. J. HAYES passed back from Somerset, Wednesday. His aunt, Mrs. Nannie Gibson, whom he went to see, died while he was there, of consumption, aged 71.

—W. H. McALISTER representing the Pat Mahdon Company, arrived yesterday to prepare the way for the coming of his show on the 25th. The performance consists of an Irish comedy, which introduces a number of good specialty people.

—Mrs. E. T. YOUNG and children left yesterday to join her husband in Dallas, Texas. Their departure is the subject of general regret and the many friends they leave behind will rejoice to hear of their prosperity in the Lone Star State.

—MR. AND MRS. J. E. PLEASANTS and family and Mr. George A. Pleasants left yesterday to make their home in California. The Golden Coast is in our opinion the best place in the world to go, but we dislike to see Lincoln lose such deserving people and excellent citizens.

You will save cost by paying the account you owe the firm of Penny & McAlister if you pay before Jan. 10.

GUM COATS, gum boots, gum shoes, gum insoles, in great variety at H. C. Johnson's shoe shop, next door to INTERIOR JOURNAL office.

RICHMOND'S four National Banks have on deposit \$621,570.35. Lincoln's three have \$321,739.72, or about a million of dollars in the two counties.

If you will give such articles as neck wear, underwear, a nice pair of boots or shoes for Christmas gifts you will do right. We have them. Owsley & Craig.

AGNES JONES, who cut Hattie Marshall, was acquitted by Judge Carson, after a very spicy trial, the proof showing that one was as much to blame as the other, if not more so.

I will sell to the highest bidder the handsome building lot of Wm. Craig, on Main street, opposite the Female College, Saturday afternoon at 3 o'clock sharp, Dec. 21st. John H. Craig.

We lay before our readers some 8 or 10 columns of new advertisements and if they will read them and then act upon the suggestions they cannot go amiss. All of the firms are substantial and reliable and are worthy of your patronage.

SALT at Albright & Co., Brodhead for \$2 per barrel.

CHRISTMAS CANDIES, Nuts, Raisins, Figs, Oranges, Dates, &c., at A. A. Warren's "Model Grocery."

For Rent, the store-room lately occupied by Penny's Drug Store. Possession Jan. 1. John Baughman.

A LARGE and varied assortment of Christmas goods in China and Glassware now open at A. A. Warren's "Model Grocery."

A. R. PENNY and McRoberts & Stag have already opened up their Christmas goods and the youngsters are looking on with fond admiration.

THERE will be a Christmas Tree at McKinney Monday night, 26th, for the benefit of the poor people. All are invited and those who can will please contribute.

THE treasury officials at Washington, after investigation, find that Mr. J. P. Sandifer, intended no wrong in taking an oath by proxy and have dismissed the case.

INGERSOLL & PEYTON.—Masterson Peyton writes that he is well pleased with his new home and is satisfied that his partner is the ablest lawyer in Knoxville. See card of the new firm and patronize it, if you have anything in their line.

In selecting your Christmas presents these hard times you should select something that is durable as well as pretty. We still have a very pretty line of ladies wraps, dress goods and trimmings; a large line of bed blankets, comforts, &c. Owsley & Craig.

A visit to Maywood Tuesday disclosed Capt. William Geer with a big force heading down the rocky hillside to make room for a side track more than 500 feet long. The work is very heavy and it is rather strange that the company should go to such expense.

DR. W. B. PENNY's elongated statue seems to have taken on several additional feet since Monday night, since which time he has been the proud parent of a black-eyed girl. Mother and little one doing well and the doctor in such fine humor he will pull your teeth for nothing.

THE Courier Journal of Tuesday contained a fine picture of Mrs. Lala Nield and an excellent sketch of her life by her great admirer, Col. Sam M. Burdett. Mrs. Nield is about the best temperance lecturer in the field and being possessed of beauty in addition to her gift of oratory, she is exceedingly effective in the good cause.

Mrs. ST. JOHN arrived by the K. C. after we went to press and lectured at the following at the Christian church. When she failed to arrive by the afternoon train and they did not hear from her, the two ladies that were to meet her told us that they feared there had been some misunderstanding, and so we were misled into making the statement published in our last.

THE prohibitionists claim that the whisky advocates are furnishing the bars and others liquor so that they will misbehave and bring the law into contempt that they can go up: "Prohibition does not prohibit." We wish they would make specific charges. It would do us good to assist in having such individuals, if there be such so lost to honor, made to pay the full penalty of a broken law.

CONCERT.—Mrs. James P. Bailey has completed arrangements for a concert to be given at Walton's Opera House, Dec. 23rd. The music will be furnished principally by the Sunday school scholars, but a number of well known local singers will assist. The proceeds are to go towards paying for the baptistry and the object being worthy and the entertainment doubtless worth the price put upon it, it is hoped that the house will be crowded.

THE Stanford Planing Mill are turning out 10,000 feet of nicely prepared lumber a day and have contracted for a new 25 horse power engine and three more steam engines. Orders have already been pouring in upon them and the business will pay from the start. The mover in the enterprise, Mr. A. C. Sine, who secured the cooperation of those influential business men, Messrs. Foreman and W. H. Higgins, will manage the concern, and being a practical man with years of experience, is sure to make a success of it. The company will get the railroad to put in a switch for them, so that there will be hardly no haul from the mill to the track.

GOT THERE AT LAST.—Mr. Little McFarland and Mr. Martin Chalk were married at Martin McFarland's, Kingsville, on Tuesday. Mr. Chalk was to have met Mr. McFarland here Monday evening, who was to assist him in getting the license, but he did not arrive as soon as he ought and Mr. M. thinking perhaps he was not coming at all, left for his home. Mr. Chalk arrived a few minutes later and learning the state of affairs procured a horse and buggy and taking Tina's Mersin with him, started at break-neck speed to catch him. They were unable to do so, but arrived at his house about five minutes after the old man. The necessary paper was secured from him and Mr. Chalk returned to town. It was now nearly midnight and County Clerk Cooper was sleeping the sleep of the righteous, if his three babies were not on the war path. He good naturedly responded to the call, however, and Mr. Chalk soon had the coveted permit to take Miss Little to wife. She is said to be a pretty and worthy young lady, worth a hundred times the trouble he had to go to, while he is an engineer on the Southern road, young and industrious.

We have an elegant assortment of muslin, cotton and silk handkerchiefs for the holidays. Owsley & Craig.

It is stated that an indictment has been found against Eugene Zimmerman, one of the Fidelity Bank directors, and that he has quietly sailed for Europe. Mr. Z. is president of the so-called Chesapeake & Nashville railroad.

An effort was made to effect an entrance into the residence of M. D. Elmore Wednesday night by raising the window, but Mrs. Elmore awoke in time to scare the scoundrel off. People had better keep their windows well bolted down.

The agent of the F. & N. after much higgling paid Mrs. Griggs \$450 on the \$700 insurance she held on her house. The same company paid Mr. J. E. Bruce the full amount of his \$800 on his house. The furniture loss is not yet fully adjusted.

SOME scoundrels killed a valuable cow belonging to Mrs. James Paxton and skinned her, leaving the body to rot. It was discovered after a day or so and if the scoundrels are discovered, as it is nearly certain they will be, their hides should pay the penalty.

THE Cumberland Valley Land Company continues to add to its possessions. President Boring met with the resident board here Tuesday night, when a purchase of 11,000 acres in Harlan county was considered and ratified. This makes 30,000 acres now owned by the company in Bell and Harlan and it is still buying.

CHEAP RATES.—Tickets at one fare the round-trip between all points on the Queen & Crescent Route, with liberal limit as to date, will be sold for the Christmas and New Year's holidays. This is an excellent opportunity to make cheap marketing or visiting trips. For full particulars apply to depot or city ticket agents along the line of the Queen & Crescent Route.

THE INTERIOR JOURNAL had always rather say good things about people than bad. It does not want to publish the misdeeds of anyone and when it does, it is animated solely by the desire to bring the person to realize the error of his way and cause him to do better in the future. We had intended giving an account of some ride, not to say shameful conduct of one or two young men, but upon their personal appeal and of their friends, and a promise that they will not be guilty of a like offense again, we give them another chance. Boys will be boys and we feel a sympathy with them, but there is a difference between innocent fun and downright meanness and they must draw the line or receive the consequences.

—Mr. Wesley F. MUMFORD and Miss Polly Waddle were married at Kingsville yesterday.

—Col. Thornton Porter, of Lincoln county, was in the city Sunday musing with his old friends and cheerfully imparting to them the news that he had assumed the role of Benedict, the married man. The bride is Miss Rustin, of his county. May they have a happy journey through life.—[Lexington Transcript.]

—D. N. PREWITT bought 16 sheep of Adam Pease at \$5 per head.

FARM FOR RENT. 50 acres of good land for corn, near Walnut Flat. L. M. Laseley.

—A tract of 51 acres belonging to Ben Simmons, a mile from Richmond, sold at \$110.

—About 75 broke mules, 3 and 4 years old, sold on the Lexington market Monday at \$100 to \$125.

—E. K. THOMAS sold 36 mules to Joseph Enay, of Georgetown, at \$107 per head.—[Paris-Kentuckian.]

—W. N. OGDEN sold to Walker & Co. 28,000 pounds of tobacco at 16 1/2 and 20 cts. [Georgetown Times.]

—Will F. FURBER, of Woodford, bought of H. C. Mork, his Muck Chief, by Messinger Chief, for \$2,000.

—Morland & Wood bought of Son & John Geiser, of Boyle, 31 cattle, weighing 1,400 pounds, at \$30.

—R. T. JOHNSON has sold his farm, containing 100 acres, near Lexington to Wm. Cropper for \$125 per acre.

—The Virginia Stallion, Bunker, killed eight men since he has been in the stud and yet is permitted to live.

—A F. N. mule shipped to Cincinnati Tuesday a car load of horse bought in the Woodstock neighborhood at \$3 to \$4.

—Sales of 14 Caswell wethers, averaging 208 pounds at \$4 and 125 fat sheep, 116 pounds average, at \$4 are reported in the Winchester Democrat.

—Jenkins & Hines bought in Bowling Green 6 1/2 to 15 hand mules for \$77 and 6 1/2 to 15 for \$55 and a number of others at \$100 to \$120 per head.

—Cattle in O'neill's are in fair demand and run in price all the way from 1 for very common to \$160 for choice shipper; hogs are active at 4 and 565; sheep are steady at \$1 to \$4.

—In the last month or two A. T. Nunneley has handled 1,500 turkeys, which averaged 11 1/2 pounds and were bought at \$4 to 5 cents. He says in the lot were several gobblers that weighed over 30 pounds each.

—The 15th annual meeting at the Kentucky State Grange met at Louisville Tuesday. Dr. J. D. McCurdy was elected president for the ensuing year; J. L. Neal, of Harrodsburg, lecturer, and Mrs. Neal, Ceres.

—J. C. and D. H. YELER sold last week to Lebusan & Bro. 51 cattle, averaging 1,485 pounds at 41 cents, and to T. E. Woods, and William Moreland 31 head 1400 lb. cattle at \$3.90 per hundred. H. A. Headley sold to Smith & Anderson, Saturday, 1,028 bushels of wheat at 82 1/2 cents per bushel. J. O. Evans sold to George Cogar 500 bushels at 80 cents. Other sales of cattle were made at 3 to 3 60 for 900 to 1,300 pounds.—[Danville Advocate.]

—M. T. Marzee was crushed to death by a heavy saw-log on a farm six miles west of Somerset.

H. H. INGERSOLL. MASTERSON PEYTON.

INGERSOLL & PEYTON,

ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW.

KNOXVILLE, - TENN.

All business entrusted to us will be carefully and promptly attended to.

R. S. MARTIN. JNO. M. PERKINS.

Albright & Martin beg to inform their many friends and customers of the change in firm name to

MARTIN & PERKINS.

The new firm hopes, not only to sustain the reputation of the old, but intends to make many improvements in the manufacture of tobacco which will be to the interest of our customers. We will devote special attention to our Natural Leaf brands of Kentucky's best leaf. Thanking you for past favors and asking for a continuation of your trade, we remain, Respectfully yours,

MARTIN & PERKINS.

NOTICE!

The partnership heretofore existing under the firm name of Jones & Fuller has this day dissolved by mutual consent, Mr. Henry Fuller retiring. E. W. Jones assumes all liabilities and collects all accounts.

E. W. JONES. HENRY FULLER.

Craig Orchard, Ky., Dec. 12, 1887.

All persons having accounts with Jones & Fuller must come forward and settle by January 1st, 1888, as the firm's business must be settled at once.

E. W. J.

J. D. MERSHON. A. D. BORDE.

MERSHON & D BORDE,

—THE—

BLACKSMITHS!

—STANFORD, KY.—

We take this method of thanking our Patrons for their very liberal patronage this year and we hope by honest and fair dealings to merit the same in the ensuing one. Anything in the Blacksmithing line done as cheap and as well, if not better than anywhere.

After Forty years' experience in the preparation of more than one hundred thousand applications for patents in the United States and Foreign countries, the publishers of the Scientific American continue to act as solicitors for patents, caveats, trade-marks, copyrights, etc., for the United States, and in all countries in Canada, England, France, Germany, and all other countries. Their experience is unequalled and their facilities are unsurpassed.

Drawings and specifications prepared and filed in the Patent Office on short notice. Terms very reasonable. No charge for examination of models or drawings. Advice by mail free.

Patents obtained through Munn & Co. are noticed in the SCIENTIFIC AMERICAN, which has the largest circulation and is the most influential newspaper of its kind published in the world. The advantages of such a notice every patentee understands.

This large and splendidly illustrated newspaper is published WEEKLY at \$3 a year, and is admitted to be the best paper devoted to science, mechanics, inventions, engineering, works, and other departments of industrial progress, published in any country. It contains the names of all patents and is the most complete and valuable of its kind. Try it four months for one dollar. Send for a specimen copy.

If you have an invention to patent write to Munn & Co., Publishers of Scientific American, 37 Broadway, New York. Handbook about patents mailed free.

THE WEEKLY

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Contains the news of the world up to date of publication; Reading Matter interesting and instructive to every home; contributions to Music, Song, Art, Science, Agriculture and Commerce and

Reliable Market Reports.

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Make Your Homes Happy.

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Agents wanted everywhere.

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HOLIDAY GOODS.

—AT—

T. R. WALTON'S.

ON TUESDAY, NEXT,

—I shall open my Christmas Goods, consisting of—

TOYS!

—PLAIN AND FANCY—

CANDIES

—FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC—

FRUITS!

—And the Best and—

Freshest Nuts!

Everybody is invited to come and see them. If you have only a small amount to spend it will pay you to call on me.

Please remember that I always keep all the

Ingredients for Cakes!

And that my stock of

GROCERIES!

Is as near complete as can be found outside the cities.

T. R. WALTON.

F. REID. W. H. HIGGINS, Sec'y and Treas. A. O. SINE, Supt.

—STANFORD—

PLANING MILL CO.

—Manufacturers of—

Flooring, Weatherboarding, Ceiling,

FINISHING LUMBER, MOULDINGS, Etc.

Sash, Doors and Blinds always in Stock.

A share of the public patronage is solicited.

HOLIDAY PRESENTS

—ELEGANT PRESENTS IN—

Gold & Silver Watches

SILVERWARE

—AND—

JEWELRY.

Dressing Cases & Novelties,

—OF EVERY KIND.—

A LARGE STOCK of BOOKS.

—Something to Please Everybody. If you want the—

Best Goods for the Least Money,

—Call on—

A. R. PENNY.

Louisville Commercial,

Louisville, Ky.

HUSBANDRY HINTS.

When weaning colts a good substitute for milk will be found in crushed oats and linseed.

The fattening hogs will do better if allowed a place to dig into the dry earth, as the earth is a natural antidote for acidity of the stomach.

Top dressing is no doubt the best method of applying manure on heavy or clay soils, and is generally adopted by the most successful wheat growers.

As inexpensive method of preserving eggs for the winter months is to dip them in boiled linseed oil, then pack them in fine salt, small end down, and keep in a cool place.

Better success in keeping early Irish potatoes may be had by not digging until after a killing frost in the fall. They keep better in the ground during warm weather than any where else.

When allowed to ripen, seed millet should be sown rather thickly, so as to restrict seed production and also to have a larger proportion of leaves and less of coarse, woody stalks.

A farmer who has tried both ways says he finds that by spreading manure over the potato field and plowing it in in the fall, gives him a better crop than letting the work go till spring.

A simple and efficacious method of treating a horse to buckle a strap around the opposite leg just above the hock, making it so tight as to cause the horse to stand on the affected leg, and the trouble will speedily leave.

The carrot has more fattening qualities than other roots and for this reason is particularly adapted to sheep, young cattle and all animals intended for meat. Carrots will help to fatten animals quickly and with less cost than other roots, and quick fattening produces tender and juicy meat.

Good silage, properly fed, is nourishing, relishable, and produces good results. The milk from it is sweet and rich, and it improves the churning quality of the cream, while it does not injure it if it does not actually improve the quality of the milk. It may also be justly claimed to increase the production of both milk and butter.

One great cause of bulls becoming vicious is that they do not have exercise enough. Kept in stables, and especially if high-fed, they chafe in their confinement, and when let out are disposed to play or attack anything or person they can get at. The best way to keep bulls quiet is to let them run in a strongly-fenced yard or paddock.

When cabbage roots swell and become large like turnips, it is caused by the attacks of a small grub, the larvae of a black fly, known as the cabbage fly, and which is akin to the onion fly. This fly does not attack cabbage in new ground, where they—or turnips—have not been grown previously, nor when the soil has been liberally dressed with lime.

Let the potatoes get well dry, and pass through the sweat in a cool, dry place before being put into the bins. These should be dry and airy, well washed, and air-dried in the sun. Sprinkle the tubers. Don't put too many in one bin; a wide bin filled with the tubers to a depth of a foot or two will keep them better than a narrow bin several feet in depth.

For old trees that have failed to yield a profitable return, proceed in this manner: Dig the soil up thoroughly and then supply a good dressing of well-rotted stable manure and work thoroughly into the soil. Then, if you have them, apply a dressing of wood ashes. If these fail to revive the tree, after giving a good pruning it is about past redemption, and should give way to something better.

Ren Clover should be given a prominent place in seedling land for pasturing purposes if the hay is to be used on the farm. Blue grass does badly during great drought, but its fine quality, permanence, thick sod, early growth in spring and late growth in autumn make it very valuable. No substitute of equal value has been found for timothy as a grass for hay, but the yield per acre and feeding value per ton are greater if clover is grown with it.

A rich, moderately rich, sandy soil suits the parsnip best; the land should be liberally manured, plowed deep and thoroughly pulverized. Best to sow the seed early in the spring and pretty thick in the drills, as a field crop may be dug by throwing them out with a subsoil plow. The harvesting is done late in the fall, because a touch of frost improves them. Take out only what will be wanted for use, and leave the remainder in the ground until spring.

Those who have made a study of the matter claim that the rotation of crops baffles the root enemies, both insect and fungoid, that prey upon the various crops. Each plant having its own peculiar enemies, the changing of plants removes them to fields unoccupied by such enemies. This is true of the enemies of the above-ground growth of plants to an important degree. Rotation conserves soil fertility and yet aids in soil decomposition by alternation of grass or clover crops and food crops.

EDUCATIONAL ITEMS.

The first female college in the world was established in Georgia.

Over \$500,000 is annually spent in Minneapolis, Minn., in educating the children.

Herein the last year New York City spent over \$245,000 on its school houses, over \$150,000 of which was for repairs.

A learned professor of Harvard thinks that the father who gives his son more than \$1,200 a year at college is doing him an injury.

The women of Turkey were formerly deprived of instruction in reading; at the present day the Sultan provides them with schools.

Among the students at John Hopkins University are ten from Canada, five from Japan, and one each from England, Italy and China.

Some of the leading men of England have organized a society for the promotion of technical education, including commercial and agricultural science.

The technical college of Zurich is the leading establishment of the kind in Europe, and the government is providing Strasburg with an institution on an equally grand scale.

An ancient case of mental ruin superinduced by over-work of children in schools, thousands are set who have succumbed to the dispositions of child-life, in the forms of late hours, parties, sweets or story-reading at night.

North Carolina seems to be making a good record in the matter of public education. She had in 1880, 547,398 children of the school age, and of these 305,568 attended the public schools. In the same year she expended for tuition of white youths \$239,000, and for colored youths \$191,000. The State appropriates 16,000 a year for teachers' institutes.

The higher schools of Norway recognize three fundamental principles: First, all higher schools must have a lower course in common; second, the length of the course must be so regulated that the pupil, upon its completion, shall be of an age to enter intelligently upon the duties of his calling; and the third is, that he must have ample time for the special study of history, philosophy, or mathematics and natural sciences.

MECHANICAL MENTION.

"Crushed bamboo" is coming into use as a paper-making material, and is stated to be already employed with the most satisfactory results in the paper supplied to several London dailies.

A recent specimen of the high degree of skill in the working of iron is a steel goblet, entirely forged by hand from a solid piece of one and a half inch round steel without the aid of boring tools.

A Dundee mechanic has succeeded in casting glass in the same way as metal is cast, and of an equal density with the metal. Experiments are being prosecuted with the purpose of employing the material as rails on railways.

A steam horse-power is equal to three actual horses' power; a living horse is equal to seven men. The steam-engines to day represent in the world approximately the work of a thousand millions of men, or more than double the working population of the earth.

A novelty in silver is the discovery of a process of electro-plating with silver upon wood, and its adaptation to handles of all kinds, including umbrellas, canes, carvings, etc. The silver is thrown upon the wood by a process which has proved extremely difficult in practice.

It is now possible to construct a complete sewing machine in a minute, or sixty in one hour; a reaper every fifteen minutes, or less; 300 watches in a day, complete in all their appointments. More important than this even, is the fact that it is possible to construct a locomotive in a day.

To black or polish and make Russia stove-pipe look like new, take of asphaltum two pounds, boiled linseed oil one pint, oil of turpentine two quarts. Fuse the asphaltum in an iron pot, boil the linseed oil, and add while hot. Stir well and remove from the fire. When partially cooled add oil of turpentine.

An inventor has completed experiments which, he says, show the practicability of making stone type. They are, of course, of large size, to substitute wood letters. The material is an artificial stone, pressed into molds, and then hardened, afterwards being polished on the surface. There will be no warping and no expansion or contraction, and each font will be exactly the same as that preceding.

A very good way to anneal a small piece of tool steel is to heat it up in a large tin slowly as possible, and then take two fire boards and lay the hot steel between them and screw them up in a vise. As the steel is hot it sinks into the pieces of wood and is firmly imbedded in an almost airtight charcoal bed, and when taken out cold will be found to be nice and soft. To repeat this will make it as soft as could be wished.

In order to make an alloy which gives great hardness and ductility to red brass, a mixture of green bottle glass is recommended to be added to the other metals. To this end a pound of finely-pounded glass is to be added, say to a fifty-pound crucible charge, or two per cent., care being exercised to place the whole quantity of the glass at the bottom of the crucible, while the other metals are on top.

Is the manufacture of corks a thorough knowledge of the various qualities and growths is necessary, in order to fit one for cutting them. It is essential, in order to obtain a good solid cork, to take care that its axis, as it is cut from the bark, be parallel with the axis of the tree on which the bark grew; but the broad, flat corks have to be cut perpendicular to the axis of the tree. Only the finest corks are now made by hand. A good workman can turn out, in the method described, about one thousand corks a day.

According to a German paper, iron may be freed from ingramed rust in this manner: Immerse the article in a nearly saturated solution of chloride of tin, even if much eaten into. The duration of the immersion will depend upon the thickness or thinness of the rust; in most cases, however, twelve to twenty-four hours will suffice. The solution of chloride of tin must not contain too great an excess of acid, otherwise it will attack the iron itself. After the articles have been removed from the bath they should first be washed in water and then with ammonia, and be dried as quickly as possible.

FROM DISTANT CLIMES.

According to a recent inland revenue report the annual tobacco consumption of the United Kingdom is fifty-three million pounds.

The paper money of Germany is printed in the Imperial printing office, Berlin, which has a force of one hundred employees and forty printing presses.

The Hollanders are said to be the greatest coffee-drinkers in the world, their annual consumption being about eighteen pounds per head of the whole population.

The Amer of Afghanistan is fast gaining a world-wide reputation for cruelty. The manner of execution is ordered by him are cruel and barbarous in the extreme.

It is reported from the principal cities of Japan that American dress and customs are fast finding favor there. Tokyo and other cities have street cars from America.

Switzerland and France have each agreed to furnish 150,000,000 francs (about \$30,000,000) for a tunnel through the Simplon mountain, which connects the two countries.

The city of Tokyo, Japan, is celebrated for the number, but the extent and beauty of its parks. Chief among them is Wanyo, with an area of 2,500 acres, and Shiba, of 1,200 acres.

In the face of these strenuous efforts on the part of all concerned, the Colorado beetle has succeeded in establishing a foothold in Germany. Its appearance in the surrounding countries is only a question of time.

It is estimated that the wealth of the following countries is increased annually by the sums named: Germany, \$200,000,000; Great Britain, \$225,000,000; France, \$275,000,000; and the United States, \$275,000,000. The United States is already the wealthiest nation in the world, and as the above figures show, its wealth is increasing the most rapidly.

An Australian paper of a recent date gives an account of the finding of a nugget of gold that weighed 225 ounces. It was unearthed by Chinamen at Hargraves, near Mulge. It was at Hargraves in the year 1852 that the celebrated Carr nugget of one hundredweight was found, and very recently a 99-ounce nugget was found a few miles away, at the Maitland bar.

Canada has never had a war, yet her public debt has grown from less than \$100,000 in 1807 to nearly \$200,000,000 in 1887. She has given outright in subsidies to railways over \$10,000,000, besides giving enormous quantities of public land, and she has lavished scores of millions upon the construction of more than a thousand miles of railroad, which she owns and operates at a heavy loss.

Prohibition is, for the first time in the history of Scandinavia, beginning to attract attention as a possible political factor, and an address to the Storting demanding a law prohibiting the manufacture and importation of alcoholic liquors obtained in a short time the signatures of sixty-five thousand men and women over twenty-one years of age, although it was not by any means generally circulated.

PARLOR AND PANTRY.

Disease is often transmitted by the hands through the mouth. Always wash the hands on coming out of a sick-room.

A faded carpet of any kind can be restored to almost its original freshness by the use of one part ox-gall to two parts water, applied with a sponge.

A drop or two of ammonia on the brush when cleaning the finger-nails is an excellent remedy for discolored nails. The ammonia should be diluted to the proper strength.

Castor-oil may be pleasantly administered to children by treating in this way: Pour the oil into a pan over a moderate fire and stir, adding a little jelly or sugar to flavor.

An excellent way of cooking eggs is to break them in boiling milk without heating; cook slowly, stirring now and then. When done soft, pour into a dish and add a little pepper, salt and butter.

Furzein Toss.—Beat three eggs, add a pint of sweet milk and a pinch of salt. Cut in slices an inch thick a loaf of stale bread, dip in the egg, fry in hot butter, sprinkle with sugar and grated nutmeg.

A nice dish of quinces or pears is made as follows: Place the fruit in a steamer and cook until tender, then pour on boiling water, but not enough to cover them. Sprinkle over with sugar and brown them in a hot oven.

There is nothing better for taking grease spots from clothing than equal parts of strong ammonia water, ether and alcohol. Place a piece of blotting paper under the spot, moisten a sponge first with water, then with the mixture and apply.

Mildew or stains of most kinds will disappear upon the application of javelle water, made as follows: Dissolve one-quarter pound of salt soda in four quarts of water and stir in one pound of chloride of lime. Stir well and let it stand to settle. Pour off the clear liquid and bottle for use.

But picture frames that have not been covered and are spotted by the flies, unless very poor, may be washed in clear water, allowing the water to soak off the specks and doing just enough rubbing to remove them easily. Dry with a soft cloth and rub very gently to bring back the lustre.

If a cellar has a damp smell and can not be thoroughly ventilated, a few trays of charcoal set around on the floor, shelves and ledges, will make the air pure and sweet. If a large basket of charcoal be placed in a damp cellar where milk is kept, there will be no danger of it becoming tainted.

Is washing grained woodwork use clear water or cold tea. Where there are finger marks to be removed, such as around the door-knob or on the window sill, a little fine soap can be used, but only just enough to do the work, for soap should be used for this work only on very rare occasions, and ammonia never used.

Spriced Fish.—Prepare half a dozen fresh mackerel or other fish as for broiling; place them in a jar and strew over them as laid in, a mixture of 2 tablespoonfuls each of ground cloves, whole cloves and black pepper corns. Pour over vinegar, cover closely, or tie a thick brown paper over the jar, then bake three hours in a slow oven.

MEAT Cakes.—Chop very fine 2 pounds of lean raw beef, a neat chopper will do it best; mix with it 2 well-beaten eggs, a teaspoonful of very fine bread crumbs or rolled crackers; moisten with stock or gravy, or if neither is on hand, with hot water. Add butter the size of an egg and 2 teaspoonfuls salt; mix all well together, then mould into cakes, and fry in butter or drippings to a nice brown.

Be sure that the water is at boiling point before putting into it the vegetables to be cooked. If it is cold or lukewarm, the freshness and flavor will soak out into the water. Place the samepan over the hottest part of your stove, so that it will boil as quickly as possible, and be careful that the boiling process does not cease until the contents are thoroughly cooked and ready to be dished.

This is an excellent way of preparing a cannavase: Melt and beat a quarter of a pound of lard in a pint of water. Mix a pound and a half of whitening in half a pint of water, and add the lard mixture, stirring it well, and beat for a few moments. Spread on the canvas while warm; when dry rub with pumice-stone until smooth, washing off the dust, then paint with white lead and turpentine; let it dry well in the sun.

COURT GOSSIP.

A visitor at Windsor Castle says that it is not etiquette to address the Queen while dining, unless directly spoken to by Her Highness.

It costs England nearly \$5,000,000 a year to sustain the palaces reserved for the exclusive use of the Queen and her family, and nearly an equal amount to sustain the royal pleasure grounds.

The cleverest royal woman in Europe is said to be Princess Blanche de Nemours. She is a Russian, is pretty and delicate, abhors society and is devoted to art. She is equally expert with chess and brush.

Prince Albert Victor, the eldest son of the Princess of Wales, is, according to report, a highly esthetic and fastidious young personage. A marked peculiarity of his is his desire to pay promptly for every thing he gets.

Christina, Queen-Regent of Spain, wears deep mourning still, but her dress is elegantly and stylishly made; silk lace over black silk is used for the costumes, which are much draped with jet her bonnets and parasols always match exactly.

Alfonso XIII, the diminutive monarch of Spain, was recently presented by the Tailors' Guild of Madrid with the very smallest and handsomest uniform ever made. The suit is of the grade to which the infant was elevated at birth.

The Emperor of Austria is a very popular monarch on account of the simplicity of his manners. He replies by "yes" and "no," and greets every body with an engaging smile and good nature. It seems to be his aim to set all at ease in his presence, and to treat his humblest subjects with courtesy.

Report says that Prince Bismarck becomes more irascible the older he grows, and when subjected to the slightest inconvenience his manners are decidedly impetuous. He has taken to wearing silver spectacles, and lately prefers, for an escort, two huge bull-dogs, which ride with him in his carriage.

The motto of the Prince of Wales was handed down from the time of the Franco-English war, over five hundred years ago. Upon the banner of the young King of Ireland, who battled and died for France at that time, was inscribed the three plumes and the words: "Ich Dien." I serve, which now appears upon the arms of Wales.

There is at Cowes, Isle of Wight, a floating bath for the use of the family royal. The bath consists of a well about twenty-five feet deep by fifteen, at the bottom of which is a wooden grating, which can easily be adjusted so as to afford any depth of water, from three feet to seven. A dressing-room, adjoining the bath which is thoroughly enclosed by screens. It is about 180 yards from the beach adjoining the Queen's grounds.

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ROYAL BAKING POWDER
Absolutely Pure.

This powder never varies. A marvel of purity, strength and wholesomeness. More economical than the ordinary kinds, and can not be sold in competition with the multitude of low cost, shoddy weight alum or phosphate powders. Sold only in tins. **ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO.** 106 West Street, New York.

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M. P. NEWCOMB, Prop.
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For Sale or Lease!
Central Hotel, Williamsburg, Ky.

This Hotel is a very desirable piece of property and will be sold cheap and on easy terms, if sold at once. For particulars call at Hotel or on O. B. Harris, Williamsburg, Ky., or S. A. Richardson, 705 W. Chestnut St., Louisville, Ky. (264-41)

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Attorney at Law and Real Estate Agent,
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Will practice in any court in Eastern Kentucky. Examination of land titles made a specialty. Any abstracts of timber, coal, timber and mineral lands for sale. Information furnished on any point and correspondence solicited. (261-41)

H. C. JOHNSON,
THE BOOT & SHOE MAKER,
Is now prepared with a good stock and an additional workman to do any kind of work in his line promptly and in the best manner. Give him a trial. Shop on Lancaster street. (277)

TRAINING STABLE!

I, the undersigned, have in Danville, Ky., a most training stable, and am prepared to break and train horses either to saddle or to harness. I have a number of Lincoln and adjoining counties if you have a horse that you want broke, trained or sold, and will bring it to me, I will guarantee satisfaction, will do my best with your stock. You have a horse you want sold, bring it to me, as we have the second best market in the State.
SAMUEL JOHNSON,
281-17

LOUIS SCHLEGEL,
PHOTOGRAPHER,
RICHMOND, KENTUCKY.

Photographs in all styles and sizes.
Pictures in India Ink, Crayon and Water Colors.
New designs in Frames and Mounts at very low prices. (261-17)

Florence Washing Machine.

I have bought the right to sell the Florence Washing Machine and am now prepared to furnish all who wish to save their clothes from the rubbing and tearing incident in the old process of washing. Take one and try it and be convinced. I don't want you about buying unless you are fully satisfied as to its merits.

The undersigned, having purchased the Florence Washing Machine, and after a thorough trial, we take pleasure in adding our testimony as to its worth, and without hesitation pronounce it a success in every particular, doing all that is claimed for it.

Wm. Daugherty, J. W. Wallace, Dr. Bourne, Mrs. S. P. Waller, A. C. Mins, Bill Perkins, Lewis Boudler, J. E. Lyon, L. L. Dawson, C. Vannoy, Mrs. Amanda Peak, George Peyton, Alex. Holzlaw, C. C. Fieble, Albert Coulson, Sam. Haines, R. E. Barrow, A. M. Feland and others.
H. F. ELKIN,
Headquarters at S. S. Myers' store.

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LOUISVILLE, KY.
—MEN'S—
Fine Furnishings,
Underwear,
Hosiery,
Gloves,
Fine Custom Shirts,
MY SPECIALTY,
4th and Main.

NOTICE.

To the Citizen of Lincoln County:

Having recently equipped a new Roller Mill in the town of Stanford, I am ready to do any kind of work in the county. I wish to call the attention of the citizens of the county to the fact that I am prepared to patronize and sustain the same. We wish to furnish them with the best quality of flour, and we are in the market to buy your wheat and corn and will always give the highest market price for same. We are also ready to do any kind of work in the county, and we are in the market to buy your wheat and corn and will always give the highest market price for same. We are also ready to do any kind of work in the county, and we are in the market to buy your wheat and corn and will always give the highest market price for same.

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JACKSON HOUSE,

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MISS SALLIE HARRISON,
Formerly of Stanford, has opened a Purchasing Agency in Cincinnati, and all orders to her at 127 West 13th street, will receive personal and prompt attention. She will make a specialty of dress goods, but will receive orders for furniture, carpets and in fact everything one could wish. The patronage of the ladies of this section especially solicited. 261-17

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I am daily opening an elegant line of Spring and Summer Millinery, including all

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Also notions, such as Handkerchiefs, Collars and Cuffs, Neckties, Corsets, Bustles, etc. You will find me at the rooms lately vacated by Sullivan & Warren, next door to the Myers House. 159-2in

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—AND—
SALE STABLE!

Having rented the stable on Depot street, I am prepared to train and break horses on reasonable terms. Country Gentlemen, call on any agent of the company, or

JOHN D. CARPENTER,
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J. B. WILLIS, Proprietor.
A For a good Table
And clean and well furnished rooms, this Hotel has no superior. Good sample rooms attached. Rates \$2.00 per day. 201-17

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—CHICKEN—
Cholera Cure!

Thousands of dollars worth of chickens die every year from Cholera. It is more fatal to chickens than all other diseases combined. But the discovery of a remedy that positively cures it has been made, and to be convinced of its efficacy only requires a trial. A 50-cent bottle is enough for one hundred chickens. It is guaranteed. If, after using two-thirds of a bottle, the buyer is not thoroughly satisfied with it as a cure for Chicken Cholera, return it to the undersigned and your money will be refunded.

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This Old and Well-Known Hotel Still Maintains its High Reputation.

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Its Proprietor is Determined that it shall be second to no Country Hotel in the State in its Fare, Appointments, or Attention to the Comfort of their Guests.

Baggage will be conveyed to and from the depot free of charge. Special accommodations to Commercial Travelers. The Bar will always be supplied with the choicest brands of Liquors and Cigars.

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Ever attempted between the great commercial cities on the Ohio River and Chicago, and hence the fastest time and most comfortable trains between all points in the South, or to the West and Northwest. This route part of this train an all trunk line is designated **The Limited Express**. The super rolling stock we employ gives patrons unlimited comfort.

At all Union Ticket Offices in the South you will find our time-tables and tickets. **Way Stations**, get **Monon** and stick to **Monon**. If you want to save money and have a pleasant journey, **Monon** is the only route. General Passenger Agent, Chicago, 1717 Ticket Agents and others.

E. A. Beckman

ODD MATTERS IN PRINT.

A woman waiting for a train in a New Haven, Conn., railway station the other day had eight cross-eyed children with her. The most valuable inkwell in the country is thought to be the one which was made for President Lincoln from four hundred Troy ounces of silver sent to him as a token of friendship by an Arizona Congressman. It was melted by a New York jeweler, and is valued at over thirteen hundred dollars.

A Toronto man had a very singular battle the other day from which he retired beaten. He had captured a crow in a field and was proceeding home when he was beset by hundreds of the birds and although he used a club energetically he was compelled to seek the protection of a friend.

A Toronto man was hurt at the Schenectady Locomotive Works a few days ago. Two physicians said his leg was broken, and they bandaged it accordingly. A third physician was subsequently called, who said the leg was not broken, and the young man got up from his bed and walked away without any difficulty.

A Philadelphia schoolmistress attracts custom in the following singular manner: A cage is placed upon the counter, into which two turkeys are placed. Under the floor of the cage, which is of iron, a fire is built, which, warming the floor, causes the birds to dance and caper about. These "dancing turkeys" are a great attraction.

They tell of a man in one of the Western States who goes through the country gathering cream, and when he has secured the proper quantity returns home. On the way he connects the churning gear, and as he drives along the churning goes on, and when he arrives there is nothing to do but take out the butter and draw off the buttermilk.

A Texas woman has discovered that a pair of cotton seed is the best of incubators. Cotton seed, thrown together in a heap will generate a slow and steady heat, and the woman, knowing this, placed some eggs in the pile as an experiment and was delighted, in the course of a short time, to see chicks come out of the shells healthy and hungry.

A Kansas farmer recently came upon a porcupine on the prairie that appeared to be as intent upon something that it did not notice his approach. Upon going up to it he found it to be transfixed by the eye of a large rattlesnake coiled a few feet distant. He pushed the dog aside, thereby putting the snake into a great rage, which continued until he was dispatched.

An economical Indiana farmer named Hayes recently bestowed upon the Methodist Episcopal church \$10,000, the amount of his savings for years. To be sure of having the money disposed of as he wished, he gives the church the right to sell the land on which the church is situated, and an annuity of \$500 he settled upon him for the remainder of his life. The board of Missions has fixed the annuity at \$1,000 for Mr. Hayes and \$500 for his wife. At 5 per cent interest the board will net \$15,000 a year after paying the annuities, so it seems to have a very good thing of the best of all.

A LITTLE LEVITY.

GREAT PRODIGES from little ache-corns grow.

"Attendants" are seldom forgotten, if they have any wealth.

Fish should be weighed in their own scales. The catch weight, that fixed by the man who catches the fish, is never correct.

A watchmaker would never do as a collector of water rates, he would be apt to charge too much for the spring.

A college-bred young lady, when asked what kind of a man "kiss" was, replied: "Both common and proper."

Herbert, of Buffalo Bill's troupe, has had his cards engraved in London. They read thus: "Mr. Carmine Undergarment."

Two residents in the opening up of a new Western town are a plover to mark out the lots and a newspaper to publish the key to the situation.

The best article of refreshment a young man can provide for a difficult author, is pepper; he, of course, will grasp the inference if he peps he gets the corn.

When a man sits down to a table and sees his head from the bottom of his upturned plate, it is an indication of extreme nervousness or a dense ignorance of the usages of polite society.

It is stated that well-bred pug-dogs, that have acquired the habit of chewing gum from their masters, never chew before company, upon the appearance of strangers they always stick their head to a chair-bottom or window-sill.

Two students ring a hated professor's bell at midnight. He puts his head out of the window and wants to know what's up. "One of your windows is wide open."

"Where?" exclaimed the startled professor. "The one you are looking out of."

Old John the children were having an object lesson on the blue heron. The teacher called attention to its small tail, saying: "The bird has a tail to speak of." The next day she asked these boys to write a description of the bird, and a little girl wound up by saying: "The blue heron has a tail, but it must not be talked about."

PARAGRAPHIC POINTERS.

From is said to be the native land of the castorbean.

The Damascus plum derives its name from Damascus, the place of its origin.

"Flow-anna" was the designation of the term applied to better by the Greeks.

It is native State the coffee tree often grows to the height of twenty feet.

There were less than twelve post offices in the United States in 1867; at present there are 4,000.

The population of the United States in 1870 was 38,921,921, in half a century it advanced to 50,155,783.

One billion and seven people of the earth speak in 3,000 known languages, and have 1,300 different religious beliefs.

The mother of Mary Beaton, of the Court of James II., first produced wax flowers in England. They were made as a gift for her royal daughter.

Texas was unknown to the Greeks and Romans, previous to the eighteenth century, and was not used in England before the middle of the seventeenth century.

It is regarded to the origin of the term "old horse" has been applied to unassuming men, history says that Alvin Adams started in the express business with one wagon and an old horse; whence arose the term.

New Haven, Conn., was the first city in the world to open a telephone exchange. This occurred in January, 1878, since which time nineteen of the principal cities of the Union have a total of fifty thousand exchange subscribers.

Tradition points to Central Asia as the aboriginal abode of the horse. The first horse was landed in America at Buenos Ayres in 1527. Australia had no native wild horses in 1875, it was found necessary to shoot thousands of them.

In France a glass or mug of beer or ale is called a "cock," which word is derived from the German. It originated in Munich during the reign of Louis de Baviere, who was thrown down by a luck of which accident it is commemorative.

HIS UNKNOWN BRIDE.

The Interesting Journey Undertaken by a Young Missourian.

Among the passengers who sailed on the steamer Alameda recently was a gentleman from Missouri—William Milan, of St. Joseph—whose acquaintance with the young woman he hopes to make his wife savors somewhat of the romantic. Several months ago, says the San Francisco *Delta*, a relative of Milan's living in Cheswick, Australia, wrote a letter to the Missouri merchant, telling him of the many virtues of a young lady residing in Cheswick, whom the relative described as being both handsome and wealthy. Mr. Milan immediately wrote to the young lady, asking for a correspondence. He described himself and his business outlook as favorably as possible, and enclosed a photograph, feeling that she might have a misguided opinion as to the physical appearance of a Missourian.

Much to the young merchant's surprise the young lady accepted his offer of a correspondence, and she in turn forwarded a photograph of herself. Her stately and handsome figure, open countenance, large eyes, which she described as being black, and the most arrangement of her hair, together with the fact that she is an heiress, so pleased the Missourian that he proposed, and in due time his offer of marriage was accepted. Upon receiving a letter notifying him that his suit was favored, Mr. Milan proposed an early marriage. The Australian heiress answered that the ceremony could take place as soon as he reached Cheswick. He immediately purchased an elegant home in St. Joseph, and furnished it in first class style. To a number of his intimate friends Mr. Milan stated that he would return to his Missouri home a Benedict.

The groom to be is a man of about thirty years of age; tall, and with features such as are usually denominated handsome. He is rich, he was considered by the mothers of St. Joseph, or those who possessed marriageable daughters, the best catch in the county. Before leaving on the vessel for Australia Mr. Milan could not be persuaded to exhibit the photograph of the fair one, although he acknowledged having it in his valise.

Although I have never seen Miss ——" said he, suddenly checking himself, "no, I won't tell you her name. Although I have never seen her I am sufficiently pleased with her to make her my wife. That the young lady's character is unimpeachable I am confident from the assertions of my cousin in Cheswick. I knew her to be educated from the tone of her letters; that she is beautiful any person can see by a look at her photograph. At first her wealth was an object to me, but since the first two or three letters received from her I no longer think of that, but am anxious to meet and wed her for her own dear sake."

As the steamer cast off from the dock those who were acquainted with the object of the young merchant's visit to Australia, wished him a pleasant voyage, and all expressed hope that he would find his intended spouse all that fancy and distance pictured.

A WONDERFUL CAVE.

An Alabama Cavern Supposed to Contain Great Wealth.

A special from Talladega, Ala., to the *Philadelphia Times* contains the following sensational information. Ever since the late war at different times in this section of the South there has been discovered many places wherein treasures were buried by refugees. On the line extending from the Carolinas through Tennessee and Georgia to Alabama and on to the Gulf was beyond doubt deposited much valuable property, money, jewelry and silverware. A party of iron prospectors, while engaged in making excavations following a certain vein of ore on the sides of the mountain situated on the Miller property, about two and one-half miles east from this city, recently discovered a large opening in the hillside resembling a cave. Upon an examination being made an immense underground passage leading toward the city was discovered. The party procured torches and continued explorations, going as far as a mile underground. They describe the opening to be about three feet wide by six feet high. When about a quarter of a mile from the entrance they discovered the skeleton of a human being, an old rusty tin box, part of a hammer, an old piece of assay, several parts of different kinds of weapons and seventy-two dollar gold pieces tied up in a leather sack. This cave or underground passage is thought to have been the rendezvous of a gang of desperate bushwhackers, and the finding of these articles and money leads to the belief that an immense amount of treasure is secreted somewhere in this passage. In conversation with old residents of the city and county, the fact was established beyond a doubt that during the late war a gang of thieves, who operated extensively in this county and up and down the Coosa river, had their hide-out place near Talladega, which fact was, however, never ascertained fully as to its exact location until the discovery of this immense cave or passage, which bears out their assertion.

A party of citizens went out to make a further examination of this truly wonderful discovery and reported the passage to be nearly two and a half miles long, divided into several large alcoves, or rooms, with a beautiful lake of running water flowing off to the west of the main direction, so rough and narrow in several places as to render it almost impossible. Nothing of value was found by this party further than reported by the miners. Never before has so much excitement been caused by a discovery, and the fact of these articles and money being found by the party of prospectors will cause every foot of that passage to be searched thoroughly for wealth, supposed to be hidden there. The party being given views on the subject, expressed the belief that this cave or passage was the home of an Indian band, who accumulated untold wealth from a gold mine situated near it, which is now being worked, and which shows signs of having been worked years ago.

Bank Monk's Monument.

The citizens of Nevada are raising money for a monument to Bank Monk, the famous stage driver, whose body lies in a lonely death in the Colorado Mountains, near the Clear Creek road. The monument will bear these words:

BANK MONK.
Known Stage Driver of the West.
Who was kind to all and Thoughtful to None.
He Lived in a Strange Era and was a Hero.
And the Wheels of his Coach are Now Turning on the Golden Streets.

Parlor Bible Readings.

The Boston *Transcript* says the "Bible readings in parlors will be a feature of society diversions shall it be said—this winter and will take the place among some of the intellectual but Browning recitals occupied last year. Readers who may conclude from this preface that society is becoming pious will be disappointed when they learn that the new movement finds its support among the agnostics and that the old Bible will be selected solely with the rhetorical and oratorical possibilities of its stately language in view."

AMONG FOREIGNERS.

The Parascs of India do not put their dead under ground, but deposit them upon the tops of towers to decay and be consumed by the carrion birds. These queer receptacles of the dead are called the Towers of Silence.

Waxes a prominent person among the Tartars dies three times what Americans would term a regular crust. Hired murderers and slash themselves, priests kick and howl, and the women give way to all sorts of caprices.

A traveler in Barcelona describes the costumes of the natives as very novel and picturesque; the girls fine looking, with dark skin and glorious eyes; the men courteous, active and expert in throwing their darts, Moorish knives, and marvelous mountain climbers.

The Armenians of Russia Trans-Caucasia enjoy a one-man power in each home. The grandfather commands. The entire family, children, sons-in-law, daughters-in-law and grandchildren all obey him. The wife is condemned to silence from her marriage till the birth of her first child.

Tan Kahketians are great drunkards, and their women paint their faces horribly. Their fiery wine is kept in hog skins. To make the skin appear they skin the hog alive in a horrible manner, then soak the hides in naphtha. The wine kept therein tastes like brains, but the natives like it.

A large part of the food of the denizens of the extreme North is said to consist of meat ground from prehistoric bones and shells abounding in the soil. According to reports Lapland alone consumes car-bone annually obtained from one section. This queer edible is mixed with grain meals in cooking.

One great and striking peculiarity of the Japanese is the fact that they speak a polysyllabic language, but write a monosyllabic one. That is, they speak their own native language, but write the Chinese or character language. Thus they must learn to read and write the Chinese language; though they never speak it.

An African correspondent writes of the inhabitants of the White Nile countries saying, that among them are tribes as white as Europeans, with long, silky hair, the heads of some of the old men reaching to their feet. Some of the tribes eat none but human flesh, men and women being served in the markets at so much a pound, the same as beef or mutton.

Among the Arabs courtship is regarded as an important event in life. The Arab loves as none but an Arab can love; but he is also mightily excitable and easily won. An Arab seeks a girl bearing water or brushwood, and in a moment, almost at a glance, is as madly in love as if he had passed years of courtship. He thinks of nothing else, care and dreams of nothing else but the girl he loves; and not infrequently, if he is disappointed in his affections, he pines and dies.

HOME INDUSTRIES.

The present production of steel is 1,540,000 tons per year while 64,000 tons was the limit fourteen years ago.

In 1887 there were 1,540 miles of railroad; now there are 18,195 miles, 12,655 miles more than there are in all Europe.

One of the thriving industries of Colorado City, Col., is the mining of gypsum and the grinding of the mineral for the purpose of converting it into plaster of paris.

About 60,000 tons of iron are yearly produced by the Southern States alone with a prospect of a three-fold increase when all furnaces under contract are completed.

There are about 15,000 periodicals now published in this country with a circulation exceeding 21,000,000 copies. In the purchase of these 20,000,000 are annually spent.

In thirty years' time the woolen manufactures of this country have increased from \$20,000,000 to \$25,000,000. In twenty years the cotton industry has risen in value from \$107,000,000 to \$211,000,000.

Of the 201,000 tons of iron produced in the world in 1888, the United States contributed fully one-fifth or 39,388 tons. It is reported that the fields are enlarging yearly and the yield proportionately larger.

The growth of the silk industry in America is regarded with surprise and alarm by the manufacturers abroad. Paterson, N. J., is the great center for this article, turning out annually over one hundred million dollars' worth of silk goods.

It is thought that at no distant day the culture of the olive will become one of the most important as well as profitable fields of horticultural enterprise with us, as it is at present with many countries in the south of Europe, whose chief revenue is derived from the export of olive oil and pickled olives.

Staten can now be, nothing in this country at a profit of an eighth of a cent a pound, and sometimes as low as a sixteenth; or in other words, from eight to sixteen cents of raw sugar must now be treated in refining in order to make a cent, from eight hundred to sixteen hundred pounds to make a dollar, from eighty thousand to one hundred and sixty thousand pounds to make one hundred dollars, and so on.

One of the peculiar industries of this country is the skinning of herrings in which occupation some establishments employ forty or fifty young girls, who earn as high as seven dollars a week, and lay as many as seven and eight thousand fish per week. The operation is simple, but interesting. They transform the herring of the old country store-bought and salmon fresh-run country variety, into the more aristocratic boneless herring of commerce. They cut off the head, strip off the skin all the way round, so that the fish and take out the backbone, so that in one motion that the eyes of the onlooker are deceived.

BUSINESS NOTES.

The manufacture of watches is on the increase and the supply is generally unequal to the demand.

The value of broadstuffs exported from the United States during the last year approximated \$221,000,000.

The wool clip of the United States increased from 254,000,000 in 1880 to 253,000,000 in 1888, or 24.6 per cent, in six years.

Appleton, Wis., is now the second city in the country in the matter of paper production, the yearly output being exceeded only by that of Lockport, N. Y.

The total value of exports of merchandise from the United States for the last year footed up \$7,174,722,329, while that of imports for the same time was \$501,330,820.

The forest area owned by the United States Government is reported as representing a capital of \$200,000,000; of this it is said \$8,000,000 is yearly lost by fire.

California ranks third as an oil-producing State, with the prospect of a second place in the near future. In 1873 the product was 59,300 gallons, which was increased to nearly 1,000,000 gallons last year.

In respective values of farm products of the United States, a total of 44,014,000,000, 1887, took place at a valuation of \$227,000,000, wheat follows at 14,000,000,000, hay \$800,000,000, followed by beef, pork, cotton and poultry. Cotton stands seventh in the list. But cotton is still the leading article of export.

Stockholders Meeting.

A meeting of the stockholders of the National Bank of Hustonville will be held at their banking house in Hustonville on the 24 Tuesday in January, 1889, for the purpose of electing nine Directors to serve the ensuing year.
J. W. HOCKER, Cashier.

Stockholders Meeting.

A meeting of the stockholders of the First National Bank will be held at their banking house in Hustonville on the 24 Tuesday in January, 1889, for the purpose of electing nine Directors to serve the ensuing year.
JOHN J. McROBERTS, Cashier.

Stockholders Meeting.

A meeting of the stockholders of the Farmers National Bank will be held at their banking house in Hustonville on the 24 Tuesday in January, 1889, for the purpose of electing nine Directors to serve the ensuing year.
J. B. OWSELEY, Cashier.

NO. 2917.

REPORT OF THE CONDITION

National Bank of Hustonville.

In the State of Kentucky, at the close of Business, Dec. 7, 1887.

RESOURCES.	
Loans and discounts	\$67,378 24
Overdrafts	2,828 34
U. S. Bonds to secure circulation	12,800 00
Due from approved reserve agents	6,709 87
Due from other National Banks	7,449 76
Real Estate, Furniture and fixtures	1,500 00
Current expenses and taxes paid	861 79
Premiums paid	3,200 00
Checks and other cash items	191 83
Due from other Banks	615 00
Specie	4,439 65
Legal tender notes	1,940 00
Redemption fund with U. S. Treasurer (5 per cent. of circulation)	562 50
Total	\$130,261 18
LIABILITIES.	
Capital stock paid in	\$50,000 00
Surplus fund	5,000 00
Undivided profits	5,000 00
National Bank notes outstanding	11,250 00
Individual deposits subject to check	56,250 04
Due to other National Banks	2,470 59
Total	\$130,261 18

STATE OF KENTUCKY, ss.
County of Lincoln,) ss.

I, J. W. Hocker, Cashier of the above named Bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.
J. W. HOCKER, Cashier.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 12th day of Dec., 1887.
G. E. PEACOCK, N. P. L. C.
Correct—Attest:
H. HAWES, EDWARD ALCOCK, T. J. MORRISON, } Directors.

NO. 1705.

REPORT OF THE CONDITION

The Farmers National Bank

In the State of Kentucky, at the Close of Business Dec. 7, 1887.

RESOURCES.	
Loans and discounts	\$923,418 46
Overdrafts	4,306 61
U. S. Bonds to secure circulation	50,000 00
Other stocks, bonds and mortgages	27,300 00
Due from approved reserve agents	9,386 83
Due from other National Banks	4,888 78
Real estate, furniture and fixtures	7,000 00
Current expenses and taxes paid	1,119 12
Premiums paid	4,574 71
Bills of other Banks	4,600 00
Fractional paper currency, nickels and cents	49 50
Specie	5,000 00
Legal tender notes	6,000 00
Redemption fund with U. S. Treasurer (5 per cent. of circulation)	2,250 00
Total	\$1,450,924 61
LIABILITIES.	
Capital stock paid in	\$200,000 00
Surplus Fund	79,000 00
Undivided profits	6,008 05
National Bank Notes outstanding	45,000 00
Individual deposits subject to check	112,095 58
Due to other National Banks	4,214 88
Due to State Banks and Bankers	3,918 60
Total	\$1,450,924 61

STATE OF KENTUCKY, ss.
County of Lincoln,) ss.

I, J. W. Hocker, Cashier of the above named Bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.
J. W. HOCKER, Cashier.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 12th day of Dec., 1887.
W. M. BRIGHT, N. P. L. C.
Correct—Attest:
A. H. GARNER, S. H. SHANKS, J. J. WILLIAMS, } Directors.

NO. 2788.

REPORT OF THE CONDITION

FIRST NATIONAL BANK

At Stanford, in the State of Kentucky, at Close of Business, Dec. 7, 1887.

RESOURCES.	
Loans and discounts	\$341,654 23
Overdrafts	2,887 10
U. S. Bonds to secure circulation	50,000 00
Other stocks, bonds, and mortgages	47,200 00
Due from approved reserve agents	13,000 57
Due from other National Banks	8,814 41
Real Estate, Furniture and fixtures	8,900 00
Current expenses and taxes paid	2,470 48
Premiums paid	9,000 00
Checks and other cash items	747 10
Due from other Banks	692 60
Fractional paper currency, nickels and cents	34 99
Specie	4,740 00
Legal tender notes	9,899 00
Redemption fund with U. S. Treasurer (5 per cent. of circulation)	2,250 00
Total	\$502,369 00
LIABILITIES.	
Capital stock paid in	\$250,000 00
Surplus Fund	11,000 00
Undivided profits	11,303 34
National Bank Notes outstanding	45,000 00
Individual deposits subject to check	153,355 10
Due to other National Banks	3,847 61
Due to State Banks and Bankers	904 12
Notes and bills re-discounted	26,900 00
Total	\$502,369 00

STATE OF KENTUCKY, ss.
County of Lincoln,) ss.

I, J. W. Hocker, Cashier of the above named Bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.
J. W. HOCKER, Cashier.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 12th day of Dec., 1887.
W. M. BRIGHT, N. P. L. C.
Correct—Attest:
J. S. HOCKER, W. B. McHEE, D. W. VANDEKER, } Directors.

PLEASE OBSERVE

M'ROBERTS & STAGG, A FULL ASSORTMENT! Watches, Clocks, Jewelry and Silverware.

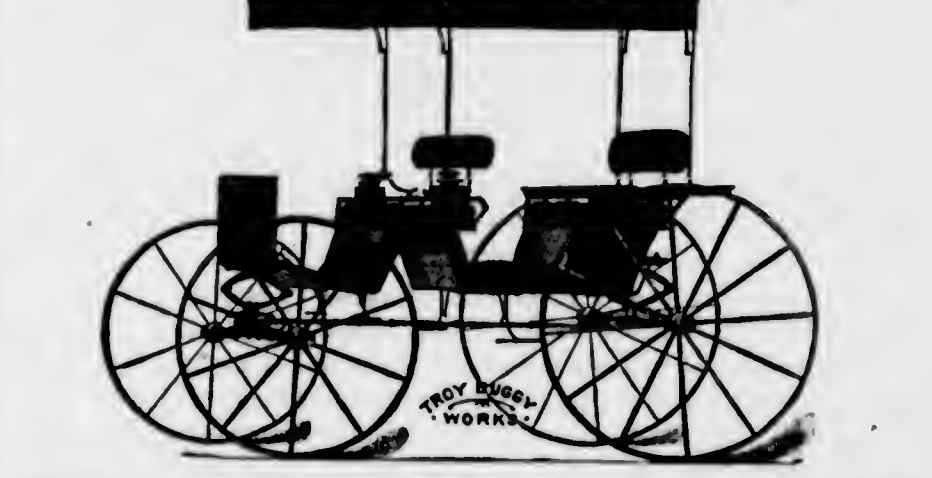
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